

SMART DATA - DEALING WITH TASK COMPLEXITY IN CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULING

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Just **1%** of all documented data is used in further projects
(Burn-Murdoch 2012)

This is not a LEAN process.

99% of our construction data is waste.

WHY???

Used Method: Value Stream Management

- Selection of a topic:
TIME SCHEDULING
- Collection of data
- Visualization of the current state



Value Stream Mapping

- Creating a roadmap for the implementation
- Continuous improvement by iterative steps



Value Stream Planning

- Starting with a white sheet and development of a visionary state



Value Stream Design

VISIONARY STATE.

4

CURRENT STATE.

7

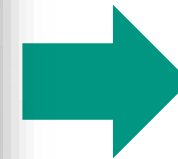
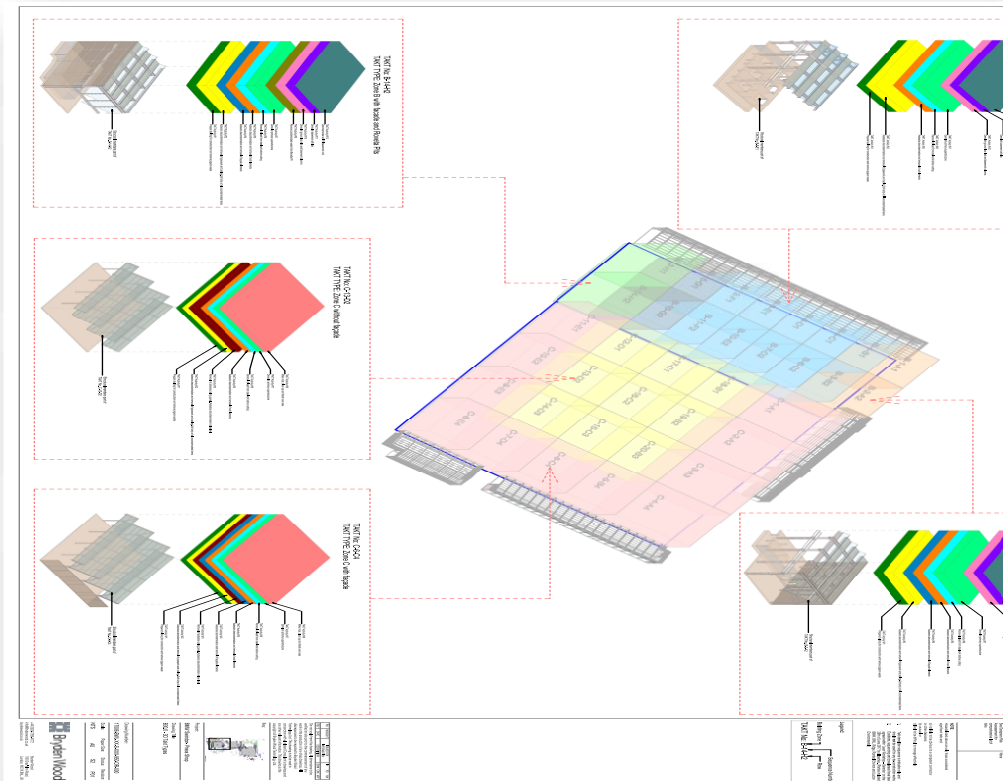
POSSIBLE SOLUTIONS.

11

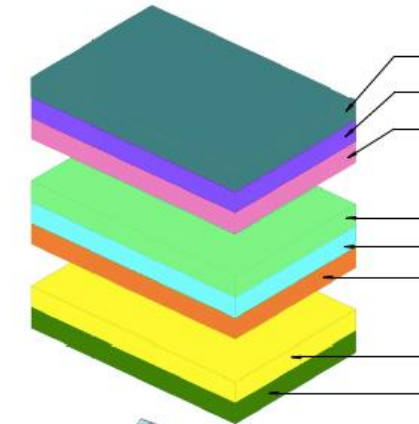
CONCLUSION.

13

Smart data in a real-world construction project

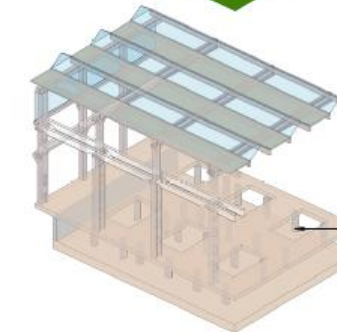


INFORMATION STACK



List of tasks in sequence with **process features**:

- Work packages
- Durations
- Operationally significant location



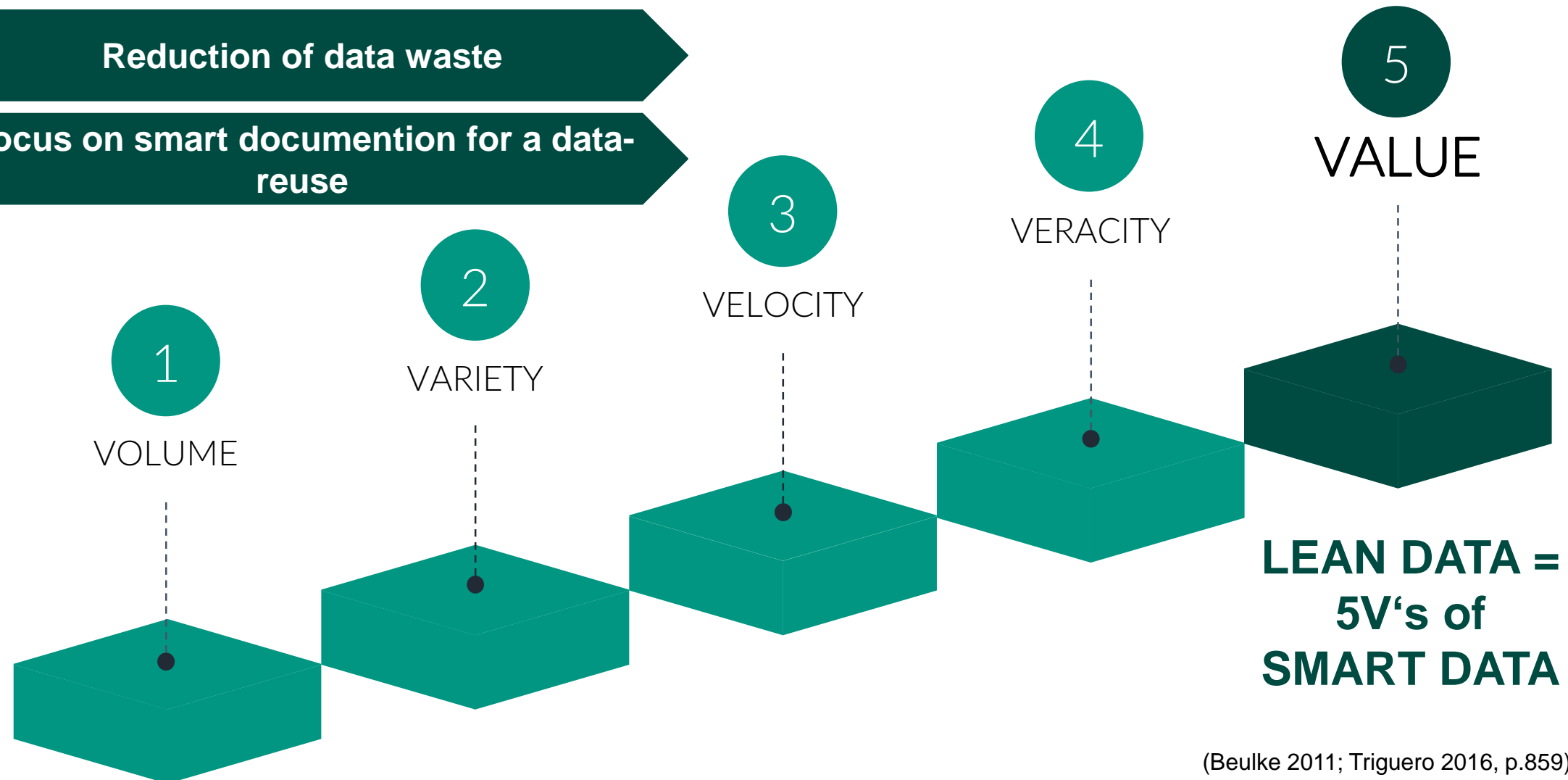
Product features

Information construction stack: According to Siami-Irdemoosa et al. 2015, p. 88; Makarfi Ibrahim et al. 2009, S. 389

What is Lean Data Management?

Reduction of data waste

Focus on smart documentation for a data-reuse



(Beulke 2011; Triguero 2016, p.859)

VISIONARY STATE.

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CONCLUSION.

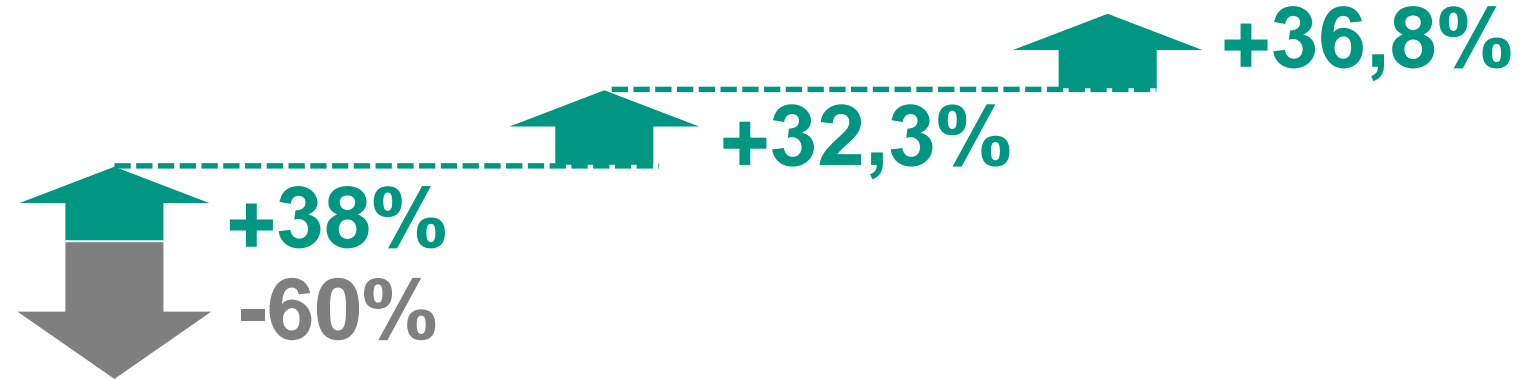
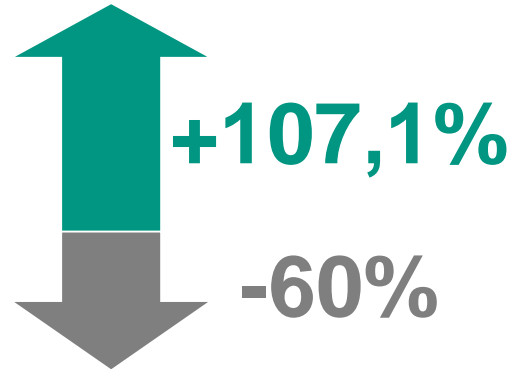
13

The work packages can vary in naming and detail level

First Fix ELT	Second Fix ELT
Electrical installations I	ELT Installations, Light fixture
ELT Cable duct	ELT-Final installation
ELT Assembly/Installation of trays	Lights/Sockets
Wiring	ELT Precision assemblies
Basic installation electro	

Table 1: Example of work package naming of the electrician in 66 construction projects

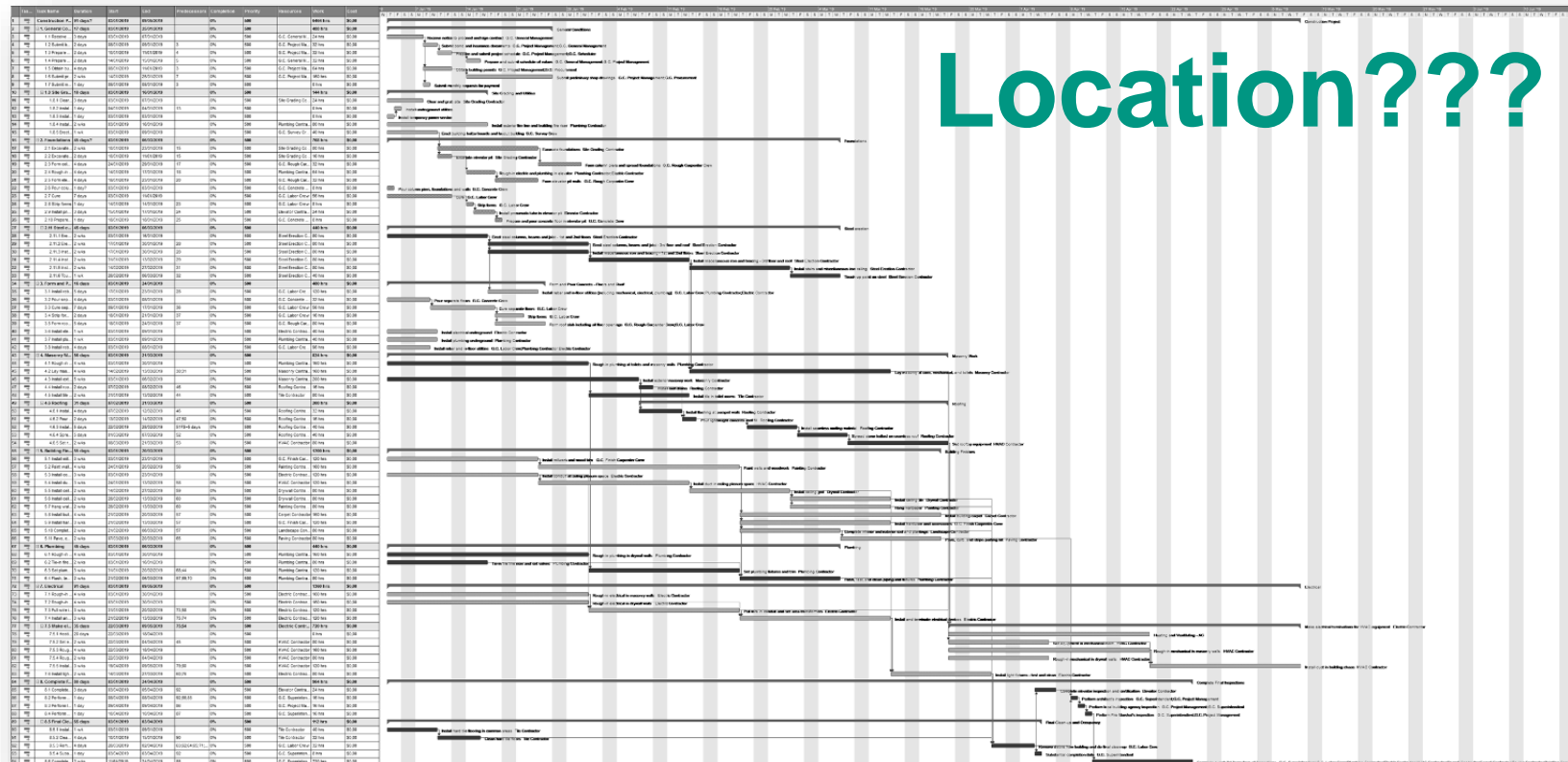
The activity duration can vary strongly



Individual performance (LMS)		MUDA 1		MUDA 2	
Skills	-22% to	Transports	0% to +19,8%	Disturbances	0% to +3,5%
Effort	-17% to	Ways	0% to 5,6%	Personnel stops	0% to +10,3%
Consistency	-4% to +4%	Searching	0% to 1,1%	Absence	0% to +8,9%
Conditions	-7% to +6%	Cleaning &	0% to 5,8%	Others	0% to +14,1%
<u>Sum</u>	<u>-60% to</u> <u>+38%</u>	<u>Sum</u>	<u>0% to 32,3%</u>	<u>Sum</u>	<u>0% to +36,8%</u>

LMS = Lowry, Maynard and Stegemerten; Additional time for individual performance and non-value adding activities (Karger, p. 31; Boenert and Bloemeke 2013)

The operationally significant location is often not documented



Source: <https://www.matchware.com/examples/gantt-chart/construction-project-plan/559>

VISIONARY STATE.

4

CURRENT STATE.

7

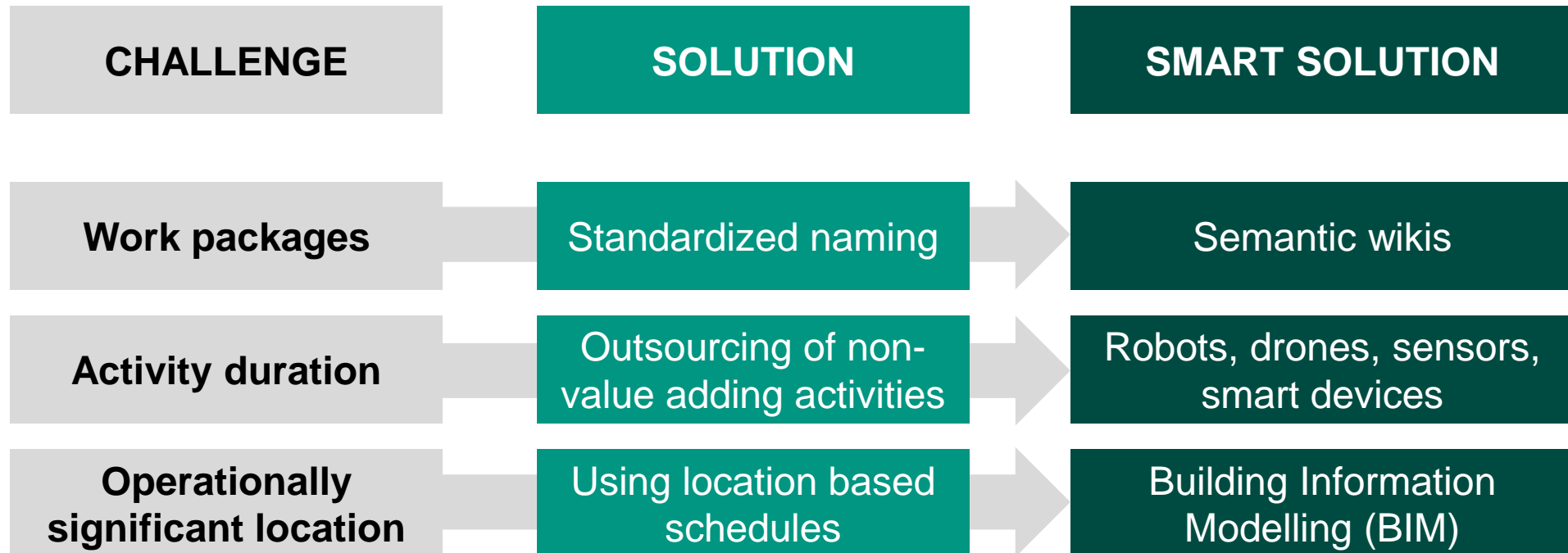
POSSIBLE SOLUTIONS.

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CONCLUSION.

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Possible solutions for time scheduling with smart data



VISIONARY STATE.

4

CURRENT STATE.

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POSSIBLE SOLUTIONS.

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CONSLUSION.

13

01

In Construction Data Management exists a lot of data waste



02

Lean Data = 5V's of Smart Data



03

The **existing complexity** in the construction task is shown in work packages, duration and location

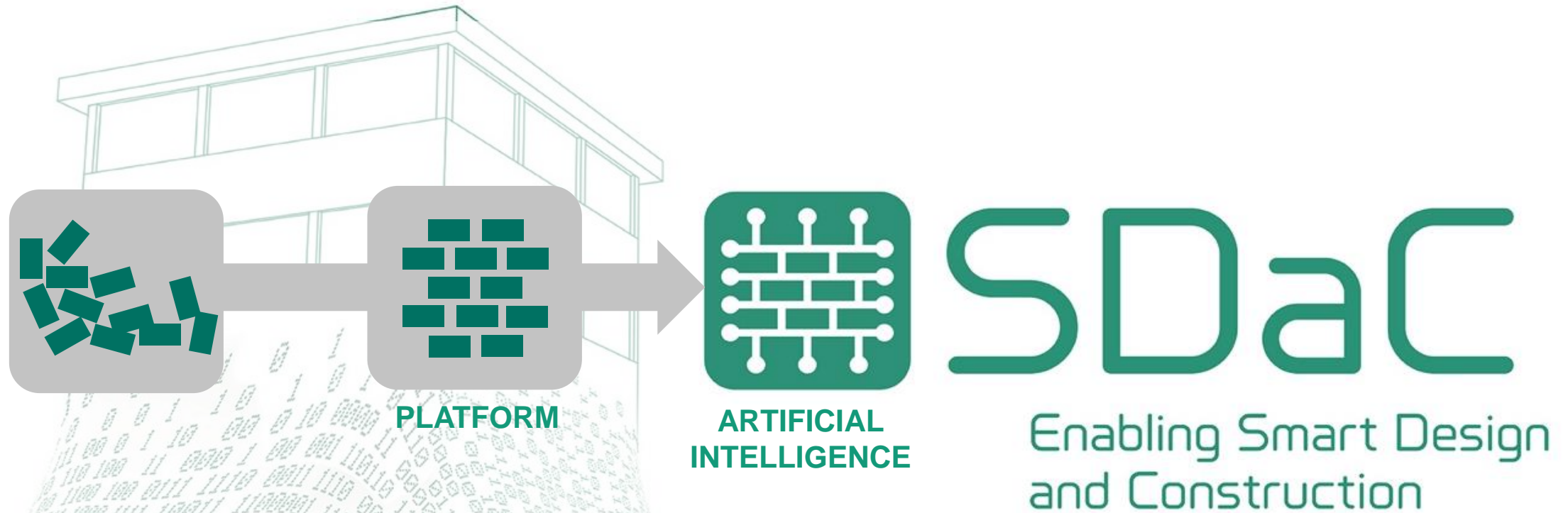


04

For cross-company smart solutions there needs to be further research investigated



Outlook – Research project



WWW.SDAC.TECH

- Beulke, D., (2011). “Big Data Impacts Data Management: The 5 Vs of Big Data”, (online: Jan 20, 2019).
- Boenert, L., Bloemeke, M. (2003). “Logistikkonzepte im Schlüsselfertigbau zur Erhöhung der Kostenführerschaft”. *Bauingenieur*, Springer VDI Verlag.
- Burn-Murdoch, J. (2012). “Study: less than 1% of the world's data is analysed, over 80% is unprotected”, (online: Jan 20, 2019).
- Karger, D. W., Bayha, F. H. (1987). “Engineered Work Measurement: The Principles, Techniques, and Data of Methods-time Measurement Background and Foundations of Work Measurement and Methods-time Measurement”. *Industrial Press*.
- Makarfi Ibrahim, Y., Kaka, A., Aouad, G., Kagioglou, M. (2009). “Framework for a generic work breakdown structure for building projects”. *Con. Inno.* 9 (4), 388–405.
- Siami-Irdemoosa, E., Dindarloo, S. R., Sharifzadeh, M. (2015). “Work breakdown structure (WBS) development for underground construction”. *Auto. in Con.* 58, 85–94.
- Triguero, I., Maillo, J., Luengo, J., García, S., Herrera, F. (2016). “From Big Data to Smart Data with the K-Nearest Neighbours Algorithm”. *2016 IEEE Intl.Conf. iThings, IEEE GreenCom and IEEE Cyber, IEEE SmartData*, Chengdu, 859-864.

Standardization of work package naming is a possible solution, with this possible the most possible sequences can be analyzed (Traeger 1994, p. 14).

No.	Premises	Conclusion	Confide... ↑
40	Dachdecker	Elektro, Fensterbauer, Aufzugsbauer, Erdbauer	0.200
68	Fensterbauer	Elektro, Aufzugsbauer, Erdbauer	0.250
84	Windows	Electrician, roofing, lift	0.25
111	Aufzugsbauer	Elektro, Erdbauer	0.333
128	Aufzugsbauer	Elektro, Fensterbauer, Erdbauer	0.333
144	Aufzugsbauer	Elektro, Dachdecker, Fensterbauer, Erdbauer	0.333
170	Erdbauer	Elektro	1
190	Erdbauer	Elektro, Aufzugsbauer	1
192	Aufzugsbauer, Erdbauer	Elektro	1
244	Erdbauer	Elektro, Fensterbauer, Aufzugsbauer	1
246	Fensterbauer, Erdbauer	Elektro, Aufzugsbauer	1
247	Aufzugsbauer, Erdbauer	Elektro, Fensterbauer	1
249	Fensterbauer, Aufzugsbauer, Erdbauer	Elektro	1
344	Erdbauer	Elektro, Dachdecker, Fensterbauer, Aufzugsba...	1

In **25%** of all analyzed construction projects if windows were installed, in advance there were electrician, roofing and lift works.

For international and a cross-company comparisons **semantic wikis** must be established.

Example of sequential pattern mining in RapidMiner with expected trades in a construction project

Literature review – Defining the existing complexity

1 Partially observable tasks

2 Deterministic, but seems stochastic

3 Sequential tasks

4 Dynamic environment

5 Constant tasks

6 Unknown tasks

7 Multiagent environment

(According to Norvig p. 69-72)

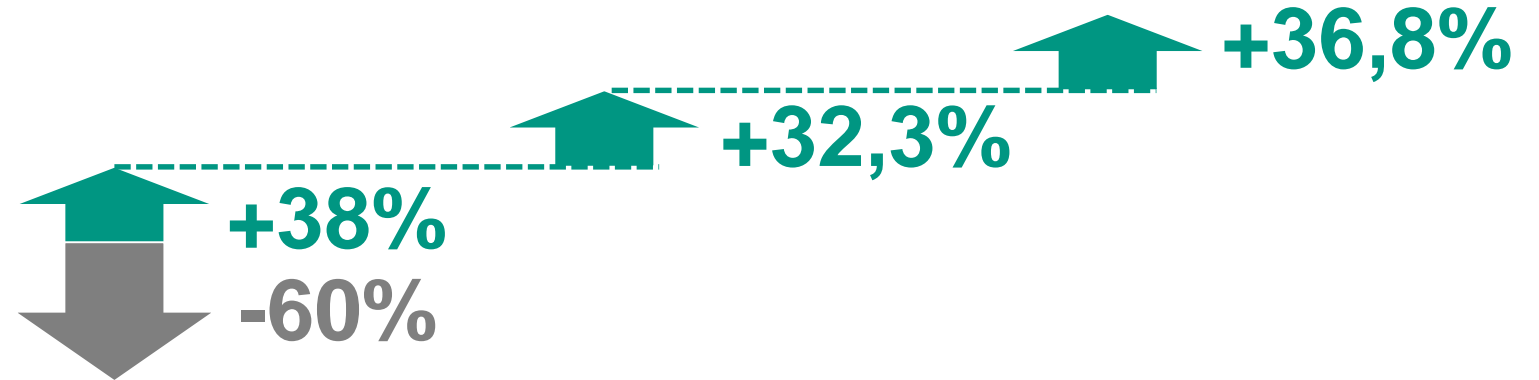
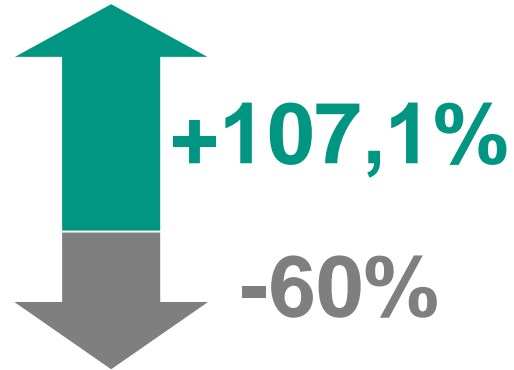


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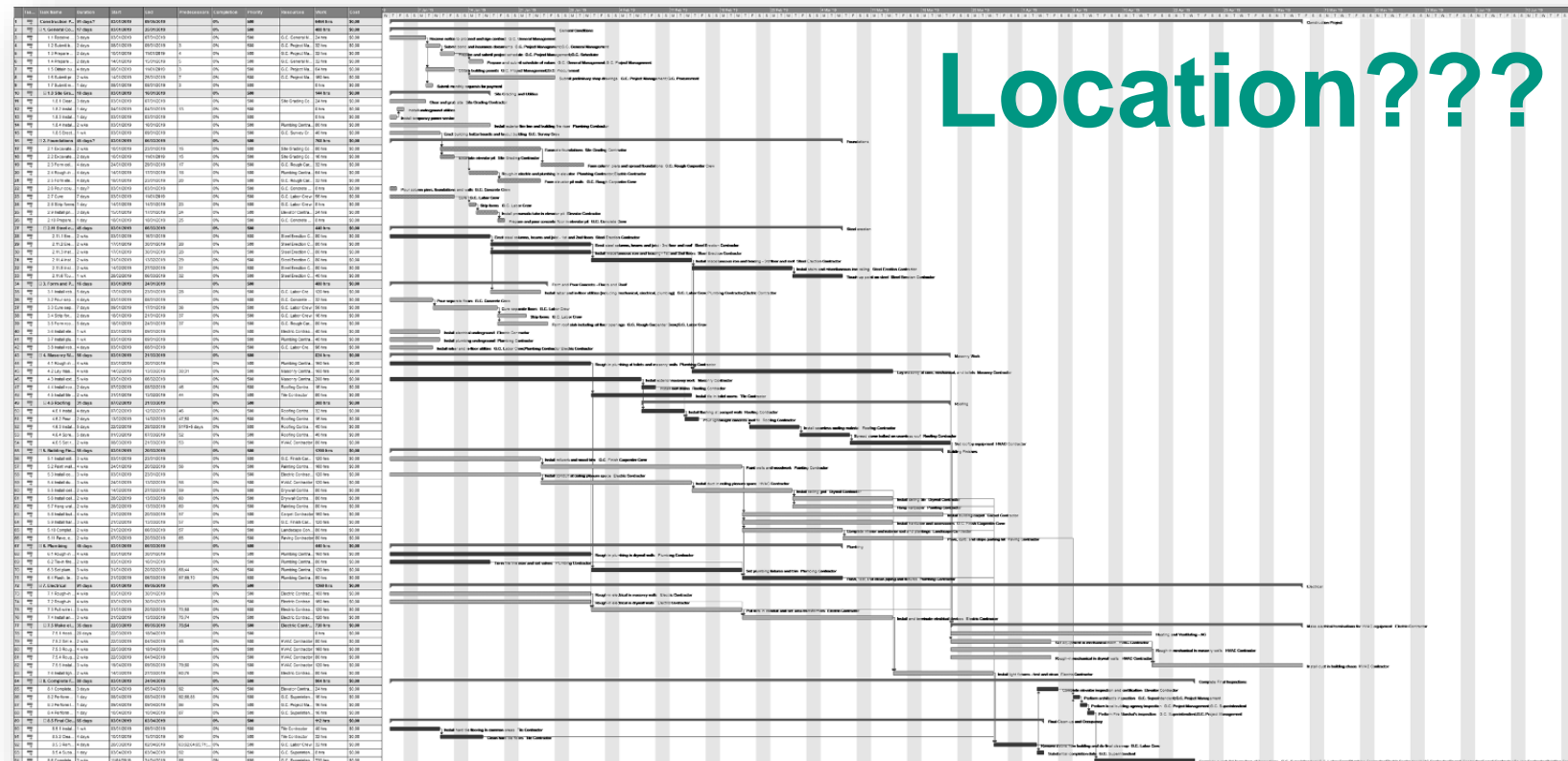
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4 Dynamic environment

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Constant tasks